

3 THE PORT DES PLANQUE

CARENTAN-LES-MARAIS

GPS 49.26208, -1.19855

woodlands: a wide variety of habitats can be found within the regional

LOOK FOR: During migration and in winter: Greylag Goose, Teal, Wigeon 11, Pintail,

Barnacle Goose , Dunlin, Red Knot, Ringed Plover, Oystercatcher... and raptors (Peregrine Falcon, Hen Harrier...). Breeding: waterbirds (Lapwing, Shelduck, Little Grebe,

HOW TO GET THERE? Interpretive trail with birdwatching hides signposted f

LOOK FOR: During migration and in winter: waterbirds (Teal, Shoveler, Garganey 💵

Snipe 2, Bittern...). Breeding wetland warblers (Sedge, Savi's and Marsh warblers...),

Walking trail: start

and during migration.

SAINTE-MARIE-DU-MONT

Avocet [3]) and wetland passerines.

LOCAL NATURE RESERVE

CARENTAN-LES-MARAIS GPS 49.32163, -1.26567 

Several hides facilitate watching

wildlife on the water and in the

the path provides good views of the

Starts directly from the park HQ: information, exhibitions, educational

Bluethroat [3], and Marsh Harrier.

wet meadows.

garden and shop.

GPS 49.39004, -1.17629  $\bigcirc 3 \text{ km} \bigcirc 1 \text{ hour}$ Around the Bay of Veys, the wet meadows of the Beauguillot Estate are classified as a National Nature Reserve, they can host thousands of waterbirds in winter

THE DOMAINE DE BEAUGUILLOT

Local nature reserve

Remarkable building

Protected area

GPS coordinates expressed in Latitude, Longitude in WGS84 in decimal degrees (D.d: 49.321636, -1.265671)

(MONTMARTIN-EN-GRAIGNES)

The old towpath, which starts from the

Port des Planques and which runs along

the Vire-Taute canal, provides good

views of the impressive peat marshes

part of which form the Marais de la Taute

4 THE BAIE OF VEYS

GPS 49.36208, -1.15506

The state of the tide totally changes the

salt marshes in front of the polder dikes

whilst vast mudflats are uncovered at

LOOK FOR: During migration and in

winter: thousands of waterbirds (Brent Goose, Shelduck, Dunlin, Ringed Plover,

GPS 49.21874, -1.60895

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Particular to the west coast of the Cotentin,

spit to the north, with sand deposited by a

This salt marsh is formed by pioneer plant

species Glasswort and Annual sea-blite on

newly-formed sand and mud banks.

sea current running parallel to the coast.

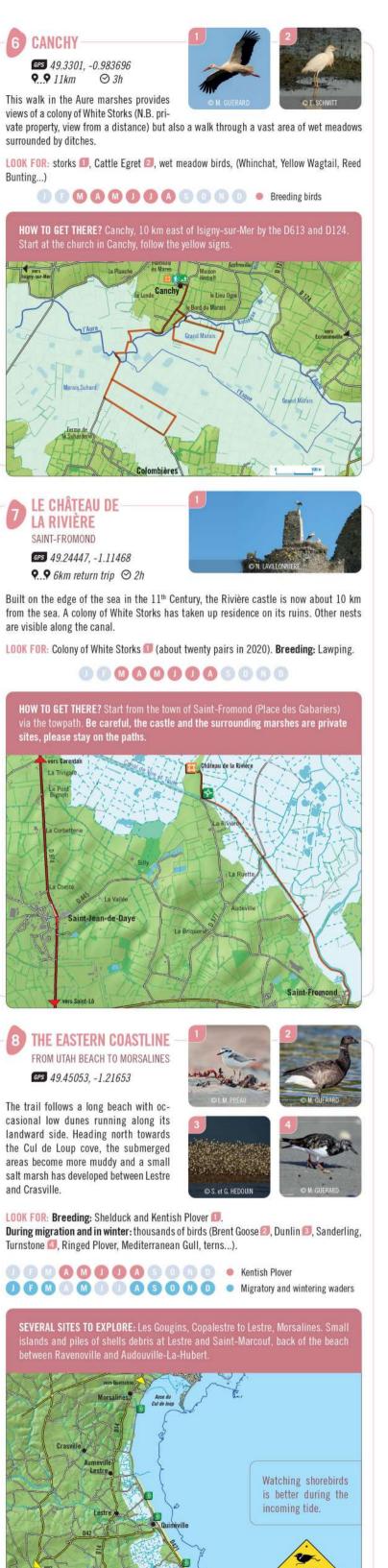
this site is an estuary enclosed by a sandy

low tide. Look out for the seals.

landscape: at high tide the sea laps the

Regional nature reserve.





## **Birds to see** by month

J F M A M J J A S O N D

Avocet	0			0							
Barnacle Goose											
Bearded Reedling	0		0	0	0	0			0		
Bittern		0									.,
Black Redstart	0	0		0	0	0	0		0		
Black Stork								0	0		
Black-tailed Godwit	0							0	0		
Black-winged Stilt				0	0	0					
Bluethroat				0	0						
Brent Goose		0	0								
Cattle Egret				0	0				0		
Cetti's Warbler		0		0		0			0		
Coot					0				0		
Cuckoo				0		0					
Curlew				0	0						
Curlew Sandpiper				0		15	- 3		0	1	
Dartford Warbler		0		0		0			0		
Dunlin				0			0		0		
Gadwall				0	0		0	0			
Garganey						0				-	
Grasshopper Warbler Great Egret						0			0	0	
			•								
Greenshank Groulag Goosa	9			0			0		0		
Greylag Goose				0					0	•	
Hen Harrier	•					140				•	
Hobby				0		0	0				
Honey Buzzard					0	0	0				
Jack Snipe	0	0								•	
Kentish Plover		0	0		0	0	0		0		
Kingfisher		0			0	0					
Knot	•		0	0			0		0		
Lapwing			0			0	0		0	•	
Little Owl				0				•	0		
Little Stint							0	•	0		
Marsh Harrier			0	0	0						
Marsh Warbler				0	0	0			0		
Mediterranean Gull	0	0							0	0	
Montagu's Harrier						0	0	0			
Nightjar				0	0						
Osprey									0		
Oystercatcher	0			0	0	0	0				
Peregrine	0	0		0		0	0	0	0	0	
Pintail	0			0		0	0		0		
Quail						0					
Raven				0	0	0			0		
Redshank		0	0	0							
Redstart				0	0	0	0		0		
Reed Bunting		0	0	0	0	0	0				
Reed Warbler				0		0		0			
Ringed Plover		0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Ruff		0		0	0				0		
Sand Martin			0	0							
Sanderling					0				0		
Savi's Warbler				0					0		
Sedge Warbler				0	0				0		
Shelduck		0		0					0		
Short-eared Owl				-		-		-	Ť		
Shoveler		0		0			0		0		
Snipe				0					0		
Spoonbill							0		0		
The second secon		•				0					
Spotted Crake	2										
Spotted Redshank		0	0	0					0		
Teal	•					0	0		0	0	
Turnstone		0	•	0	•	0	0		0	0	
Water Pipit	•										
Whimbrel				0	0			•	0	•	
Whinchat					0	0					
White stork		0		0	•	0	0				
White-fronted Goose											
Wigeon	0	0		0				0	0	•	
Willow Warbler											
Wood Sandpiper											
Wryneck									0		
Yellow Wagtail				0							

Covering five large valleys, the Cotentin and Bessin marshes can offer good bird-

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watching all year round, but two seasons are of particular interest.

In autumn and especially in the middle of winter, the meadows are flooded by the nearby rivers. The vast expanses of water provide an attractive habitat to thousands of wintering birds. These «white marshes» offer spectacular and changing lands-

In the spring, the water recedes and the meadows are green again. In May, the cattle regain their vast lush pasture, and the nesting season begins. Spring is also a good time to visit the fields and hedgerows on the waymarked footpaths, where you will find a wide range of wildlife.

Whilst spring and summer are particularly good for hiking, cycling and river trips; the hides, managed sites, walking and cycling trails can be enjoyed all year round to see

a good range of wildlife. Information at the regional park HQ or on www.parc-cotentin-bessin.fr







SIMILAR SITES: interpretation trails in Feuillie public forest, La Montagne (Lessay) et

Le Buisson (Créances).

Please log your sightings on an app such 
To contact us about such matters:

the data with regional wildlife societies: the 🔀 accueil@parc-cotentin-bessin.fr

protection of species and sites depends on @marais.cotentin.bessin

as Naturalist (available in English) to share

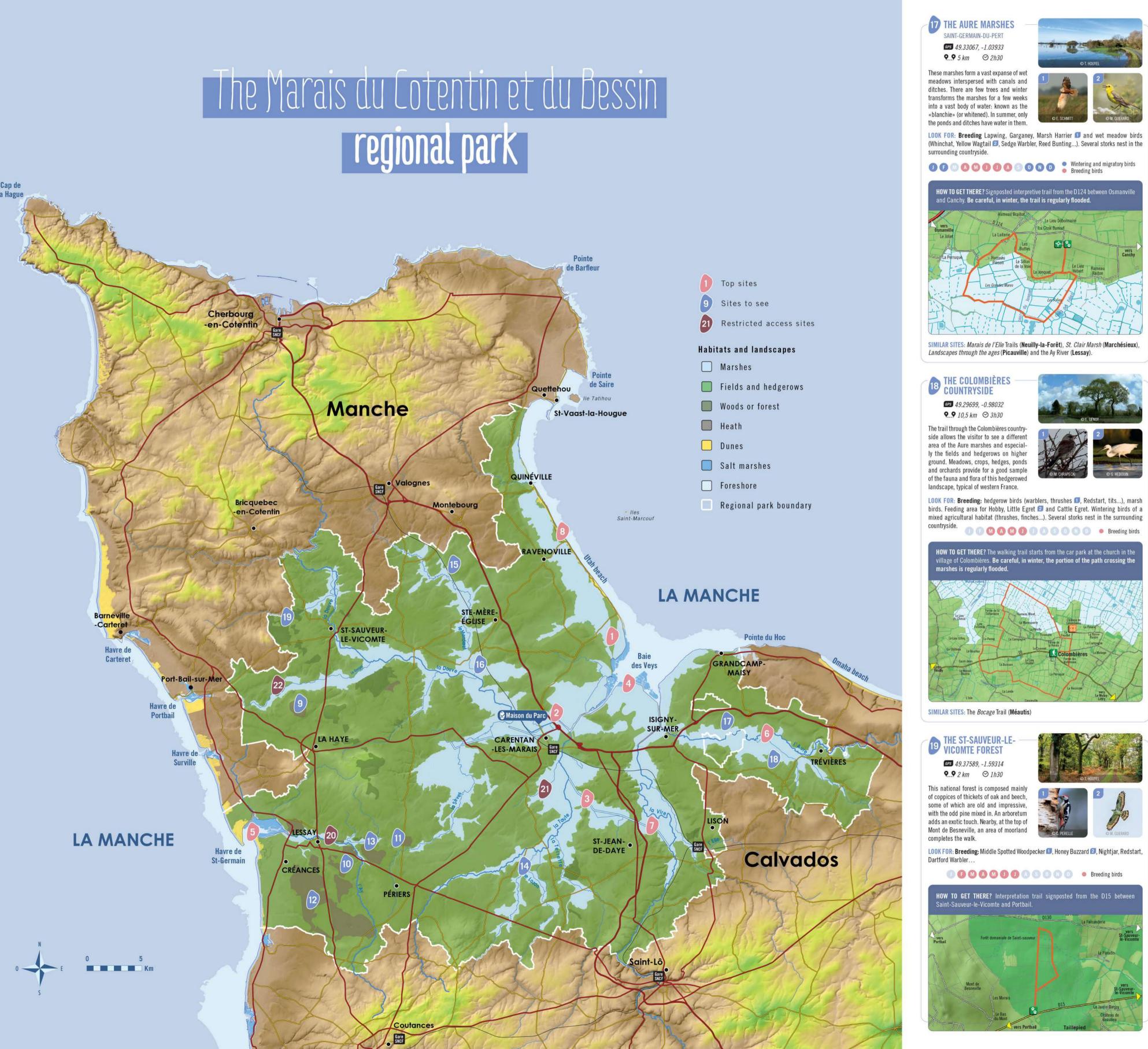
the collection of data; sensitive data can be

hidden if necessary.

Warbler...). Several storks nest in the surrounding countryside. Migratory and wintering ducks
 Breeding birds

HOW TO GET THERE? On the D270 between Carquebut and Liesville-sur-Douve.

Please stay out of the marshes due to the presence of grazing animals.



## Restricted access sites





connects the Lessay heaths to the south and the Ay marshes to the north. Covering **Breeding** Water Rail , wetland warblers only 16 hectares, there is however a large (Reed Warbler 2), Grasshopper and Sedge diversity of habitats here: woodland, Warblers...) and Nightjar. meadow, heath, peat bog and marsh.



Manche. (+33 (0)2.33.72.63.63).

(+33(0)2.33.46.37.06).

This National nature reserve, created

Access on request or during summer

guided tours. Information: Cotentin CPIE

A hunting and wildlife reserve, this former communal marsh includes a vast set of peat meadows interspersed with

canals and ditches; ponds were created

Breeding: Lapwing, Curlew and wet in the 1970s to provide suitable habitat meadow birds (Yellow Wagtail, Sedge for waterbirds. Accessible only during Warbler...). Migratory stopover and guided tours. Information: Fédération wintering of waterbirds (Teal 1, Shoveler, Départementale des Chasseurs de la Gadwall 2, Snipe...).

THE ADRIENNERIE GPS 49.21874, -1.60895

This National nature reserve constitutes one of the best preserved peat bogs in the region. A central area is dominated **Breeding:** Lapwing **1**, Bluethroat **2**, by tall grasses with a surrounding area Curlew and wetland warblers (Grasshopper

of cultivated peat meadows. Guided tours and Sedge Warblers...). Winter roost of Marsh and Hen Harriers. During migration and in winter: of waterbirds (Snipe,

Information: Regional park HQ (+33 (02).33.71.65.30).

## Other **birdwatching sites**







BAY OF MONT ST-MICHEL Migratory stopover for waterbirds. Common seal colony.

THE CLIFFS AT CAROLLES Passerines on migration (Vauban hut).





Seabird migration.



Migratory stopover for

CRICQUEVILLE-EN-BESSIN

Breeding: Kittiwake, Northern Fulmar, Peregrine... Migration (Cricqueville windmill)



CUL DE LOUP COVE SAINT-VAAST-LA-HOUGUI Migratory stopover for

CERISY-LA-FORÊT

Black and Middle Spotted Woodpeckers, Redstart...

Breeding: seabirds,

Peregrine... Migratory

stopover for waterbirds.